

DIES LEAVING FEAST

Charles H. Hinton Passes
Away in Y. M. C. A. Lobby.

HAD JUST SPOKE AT BANQUET

Guests of Scientific Inquiry Club
Dinner Were Departing When
Colleague Is Stricken with Heart
Disease—His Talk on Woman and
Philosophy Feature of Evening.

Within a few minutes after an address before his fellow-members at the annual banquet of the Society of Philosophical Inquiry, Charles H. Hinton, second assistant examiner of patents, was stricken with heart failure in the lobby of the main floor of the new Young Men's Christian Association Building about 11 o'clock last night, dying almost instantly.

Mr. Hinton had just stepped from the elevator from the sixth floor, where the banquet was held. During the descent he remarked to W. S. Heath, a member of the society, that he did not feel well, and leaned against the wall of the car for support. Although he appeared to be suffering considerable pain, Mr. Hinton made no further remark and attempted to step from the elevator unassisted.

Dies as He Steps from Elevator.

He had hardly set foot on the main floor when he faltered and held out his hands for help. Mr. Heath and the elevator attendant sprang to his side just in time to prevent him from falling. Seeing his condition his friends immediately placed him at full length on the floor and hurriedly summoned medical assistance.

Dr. Edward E. Richardson, one of the members at the banquet, and Dr. Butler, who resides at the building, rushed to the side of the prostrate man, but after a hurried examination found that their services could be of no assistance, life being quite extinct. The body was carried to one of the parlors adjoining the lobby, where it was placed on a temporary couch made of cushions.

Word of Mr. Hinton's death was immediately sent to his family at his residence, 12 Second street northeast, and after a few minutes Mrs. Hinton arrived at the building. Coroner Nevitt was also summoned to the scene, and after examining the body issued a certificate of death from natural causes. The body was then removed to a local undertaking establishment and prepared for burial, but no arrangements for the funeral were announced last night.

Born Near London Sixty Years Ago.
Mr. Hinton was in his sixtieth year, was born near London, England. He attended school at that place, and when at a young age entered the University of Oxford, graduating afterward with pronounced honors. A number of years ago he came to this country, and for five or six years was connected with the University of Minnesota, serving in the capacity of professor of mathematics. For the past three years he had been in the position of second assistant examiner of patents.

Mr. Hinton, besides being well known as a speaker and lecturer, was also a writer of repute, having written several valuable works on mathematics. As a humorous and interesting talker he won great place in the hearts of the younger generation at Tennantstown, D. C., where he took a great part in the management of the Boys' Club.

Spoke on "Woman and Philosophy."
The banquet of the society last night, which was given in honor of Rene des Cartes, was attended by twenty-two of the members, including the president, Dr. J. M. Sterett, Dr. Sewell, Dr. Fraser, Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, Dr. Randolph, and the Rev. Dr. Lewis. Mr. Hinton's address on the occasion, entitled "Woman and Philosophy," was the final number of a programme of highly intellectual talks, and was enthusiastically received.

Although Mr. Hinton was not subject to such attacks, it is thought by the physicians who attended him that it was brought on through exhaustion following his address. He had been standing and downward motion of the elevator, was thought by Dr. Richardson to be the immediate cause of the attack.

Mr. Hinton is survived by his wife, Mrs. Mary Hinton, and four sons, Sebastian, George, William, and Eric. Sebastian and George Hinton are students at Princeton and California universities, respectively.

NEGROES NOT SUSCEPTIBLE.
Higher Death Rate Explained by Dr. D. S. Lamb.

The general opinion that the negro is more susceptible to disease than the white man was contradicted by Dr. D. S. Lamb, in an address before the Anthropological Society, at the Cosmos Club, last night. The larger death rate among the colored population was explained by the lecturer to be due to the fatalistic tendencies which are found in the race. He said that the negro believed more in herbs and bark as medicine than he does in doctors and medicines, and that he, as a rule, does not employ a physician until he is near death.

He insisted that the negro was not predisposed to any disease, except lockjaw, which was more generally found in the negro than in the white. He also attributed much of the sickness to the excessive use of alcohol and cocaine, and said that before the war the negro was one of the healthiest races alive. C. S. Sloane also addressed the meeting on the "Southwestern Movement of the Center of the Negro Population from 1790-1900."

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENES.
Dr. Sunwalt, New Presiding Elder, Delivers the Address.

With a special musical programme and several addresses, the seventeenth annual convention of the Washington District Epworth League opened last evening at the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church, John Marshall Place and C street northwest, with a large attendance.

The principal address of the evening was delivered by Rev. Dr. Sunwalt, the new presiding elder of this district. The second and final session of the league will begin this evening at the Metropolitan Church at 7:30 o'clock.

Dominican Treaty to be Ratified.
The State Department has received advice that the Santo Domingo treaty, which was ratified by the United States Senate last session, will, in a few days, be ratified by Santo Domingo, after the adoption of a few explanatory clauses, that will in no manner change the form of the convention as it was adopted by the Senate.

Santo Domingo to Ratify Treaty.
Santo Domingo will ratify the treaty with the United States within a few days, according to dispatches received at the State Department yesterday, with the addition of two or three clauses, which do not affect the general tenor of the document.

TORPEDO FLOTILLA DUE.

Five War Ships Will Anchor Off
Washington To-day.

The torpedo boats Stringham, Wilkes, Stockton, DeLong, and Blakely are expected to arrive off the city this morning. In command of Lieut. William McDowell. These vessels recently completed a series of drills on the Florida coast and participated in the naval ceremonies in Hampton Roads.

The main purpose of their coming is to allow each vessel to be inspected by a naval board, composed of Lieut. Commander Phillip Williams, of the Bureau of Ordnance; Lieut. Commander Charles L. Hussey, of the Bureau of Navigation, and Lieut. William H. Reynolds, of the Bureau of Steam Engineers. The inspection will begin to-day, and probably be concluded by to-morrow night.

BROKE DOWN FROM OVERWORK

Associated Charities Assisting Woman and Young Girl.

Deceased by her husband, suffering from tuberculosis, and still keeping heroically at work, so as to be able to retain her daughter in school, a dressmaker and seamstress has at last broken down, and an effort is now being made to obtain assistance for her by members of the Associated Charities.

Physicians who have attended the woman say the only hope of saving her life is to send her to a sanatorium, where she could cost \$10 a week. The girls with whom she formerly worked in a sewing room of a local establishment have been assisting the sick woman in every way possible. Any one desiring to contribute toward the assistance of the seamstress may do so by addressing the Associated Charities, at 511 G street.

ADOPTS NEW CONSTITUTION

Committee Ready to Report to the
Chamber of Commerce.

The plans of Mr. Hayes are as yet understood only in general terms, but it is known that he intends to erect a mansion upon the site worthy of his tastes and great wealth. It will be a large structure, and architecturally imposing. It will be surrounded by ample grounds to effect a pleasing outside appearance, and the lot is of a character to admit of the exercise of much taste in lawn and landscape gardening.

It is understood that while Mr. Hayes was in the city he consulted a well-known firm of architects, to whom he revealed his plans in a general way, and it is probable that this firm will submit to him a series of sketches, which, if acceptable, will be worked out for the proposed residence. It is thought that the house will be as much as a year in building, and that Mr. Hayes will not occupy it until the social season of 1909.

MUST JUDGE COAL BY HEAT.
Government Expert Defends New Method of Purchasing Fuel.

The proposition of the United States government to purchase its coal as recently determined, upon the basis of its heating quality instead of at a contract price per ton, was the subject under discussion at a special meeting of the Washington Society of Engineers, in Hubbard Memorial Hall last night.

In presenting the arguments of various coal experts in favor of this method of purchase, J. E. Woodwell, inspector of electric-light plants of the Treasury Department, said:

"In the purchase of coal, where it is impossible to judge of the quality of the article by its appearance and by its price, the determination of its exact calorific power should prove of the greatest economical value. The day is not far distant when the price paid for coal will be set by the heat obtainable therefrom, as this is the only safe and rational system to follow in the purchase of coal. The government specifications appear to be eminently wise in declaring a standard and then allowing a premium where this standard is exceeded, and exacting a forfeit where it is not attained. As the government is a large user of coal, the effect of these specifications will probably in time be to fix exactly their relative money value of different grades of coal which is now only very roughly recognized."

"Methods of Testing Coal" was the subject of a paper by S. S. Vorhees, engineer of tests, supervising architect's office, Treasury Department, followed by "Economic Utilization of Coal in Power Plants," by D. T. Randall, engineer, Geological Survey, and "Mining Operations as Affecting Quality of Coal," by M. R. Campbell, of the Geological Survey.

BUILDING TRADES KEEPS OUT.
Takes No Part in Bricklayers and Tilers' Fight.

At a meeting of the Building Trades Alliance held last night, it was decided to take no action in the dispute between the bricklayers and the tilers on the Union Station, but to allow the respective international unions to make an amicable settlement. The international officers are expected to hold a conference to-day to determine if possible the question of jurisdiction, which has been the cause of the dispute.

J. B. Huddleston, president of the Tilers, has his headquarters in this city, and W. F. Priest, vice president of the Bricklayers' International Union, is expected to arrive this morning, so that an early conference may be looked for. It is the intention of both organizations to avoid any friction if possible, and the possibility of a strike is not great.

OFFER FRANCE SAME TERMS.
State Department Officials Willing to Revise Tariff.

It was said at the State Department yesterday that overtures from France looking to the appointment of a tariff commission such as has been sent to Germany, would be favorably received, and the commission appointed.

The same terms are open to France, it was said, as were given to Germany, including the abatement of 20 per cent on French Champagnes.

Holders of United States Electric Lighting Co. Debenture Improvement 6% Bonds and 6% Certificates of Indebtedness,

Due on May 1, 1907, are requested to deposit said securities for payment with

AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY

NORTHWEST CORNER OF
FIFTEENTH STREET AND PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

CHARLES J. BELL, President.

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subject to check.

HOME ON COSTLY SITE

65,000 Square Feet Purchased
in Lansburg Tract.

LOT OVERLOOKS ROCK CREEK

Edward Hayes Is Planning Magnificent Residence Requiring Year for Construction—Property Brings \$1 Per Square Foot and Will Admit of Artistic Landscape Gardening.

A real estate deal of large proportions was completed yesterday, in which Arthur Jordan sold to Edward Hayes, of California, 65,000 square feet of land in the northern part of the District, to be utilized as the site of a fine residence. The land is part of what is known as the Lansburg tract, having a frontage of 218 feet on Nineteenth street, and a depth of 304 feet. It stands on the high ridge to the northwest of the city, and overlooks the Rock Creek valley to the westward. It is an ideal spot for one more of the palatial residences which persons of wealth are erecting in this city. The price paid was \$1 a square foot, amounting to \$65,000.

Mr. Hayes is a wealthy Californian, who is ready to retire from active business, and has chosen the Capital for his home. He spent some time here several weeks ago looking over available sites for his home, and hit upon the Lansburg tract. The deal was taken up by Early & Lampton in conjunction with Charles B. Sanders and the details worked out.

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STREET EXTENSION AWARD.

Jury Fixes Damages in Massachusetts Avenue Improvement.

In the matter of the extension of Massachusetts avenue, from Wisconsin avenue to Nebraska avenue, the jury yesterday returned their award. The damages to the land to be taken are assessed at \$55,972.33, and the jury find the amount of benefits accruing by reason of the extension to be \$32,471.94. The balance of \$23,500.39 and the costs of the proceedings, if the verdict is confirmed, are to be deposited in the District. The names of the owners of the land to be taken, and the amounts awarded to them follow: Heirs of Louis Kengia, \$4,828.68; George M. and Charles R. Kengia, \$6,861.82; Rose M. Nourse, \$5,852.52; Cathedral Heights Land Corporation, \$14,225; Joseph E. Leaning, \$11,868; Thomas C. Daniel, land, \$46,599; Woodley Inn, \$16,000; Verona M. Washington, \$33,445; John W. Langley, \$46,655; Charles C. Glover, \$67,313; Octavia B. Van Wyck, \$4,539.39; Josephine A. Patten, \$299.20.

The benefits assessed range from \$12,723, against the Cathedral Heights Land Corporation, to assessments of \$50 each against Octavia B. Van Wyck and Sarah B. Conkling.

MELLEN TO SEE ROOSEVELT.
Comes by Appointment for Conference with President.

Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, accompanied by T. E. Byrnes, first vice president, arrived in Washington last night.

Mr. Mellen declined to discuss the subject of his visit to Washington except to say that he came by appointment to see President Roosevelt, and would call on him at the White House at 10:30 this morning.

BONAPARTE IS MISQUOTED
Attorney General Says Report of His Baltimore Lecture Was Garbled.

Denies He Stated That Spoils System Still Exists in the Department of Justice.

Attorney General Bonaparte took exception yesterday to the published reports of his lecture on Monday night before the Women's College of Baltimore, in which he was alleged to have intimated that the spoils system is still in vogue in the Department of Justice, many appointments being made with civil service examinations. Mr. Bonaparte issued a statement yesterday in which he said that the published accounts of his lecture were liable to misconstruction as indicating that he had found an undesirable condition of affairs existing in the Department of Justice when he was placed at its head.

The report gave a very small part of his lecture. In the latter he explained the history and organization of the department, and the enormous increase of work which had been imposed upon it by the expansion of the country and Federal legislation of recent years. While stating that on the whole, this work had been done with efficiency, he added that there were two respects in which the organization of the department could be improved. In the first place, the increase in its work has been imperfectly met from time to time by a series of makeshifts, which, originally, temporary, and the only safe and rational system to follow in the purchase of coal. The government specifications appear to be eminently wise in declaring a standard and then allowing a premium where this standard is exceeded, and exacting a forfeit where it is not attained. As the government is a large user of coal, the effect of these specifications will probably in time be to fix exactly their relative money value of different grades of coal which is now only very roughly recognized."

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SATURDAY, MAY 4, POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY OF W. F. Frederick Music Company's

Clearance sale of D. G. Pfeiffer's pianos. They are selling at the rate of ten to fifteen daily. Nothing reserved. Grand pianos, upright pianos, player pianos, square pianos. All must go this week.

WHAT IS LEFT
7 Square Pianos, \$10 up. 43 Upright Pianos, \$117 up
8 Player Pianos, \$475 up. Grand Pianos - \$300 up

You save \$125 to \$200 in this sale. Terms made to suit purchasers. The world's best makes of Pianos going at about half regular prices. Stock consists of such celebrated makes as

Chickering, Steinway, Knabe, Behning, Price & Teeple, Marshall & Wendell, Foster, Cote, Kingsbury, Bayer, Sherwood, Bradbury, and numerous others.

Such an Opportunity May Never Come Again. Do Not Let It Go By.

W. F. FREDERICK
1328 F Street N. W. D. G. PFEIFFER, Mgr.

PLEA FOR LATIN REPUBLICS

John Barrett Wants Greater Interest Shown.

Declares Intellectual Advancement of South American Countries is Greatly Underestimated.

Mon. John Barrett, director of the Bureau of American Republics, entered a strong plea for the awakening of greater interest throughout the United States in the Latin-American republics at a meeting last night at George Washington University, the first of a series planned to advance the study of Spanish-American law in the university. Mr. Barrett declared that the people of this country greatly underestimated the intellectual advancement of the Latin-Americans.

"Practically any one of the diplomats from our sister republics knows more about our constitution and laws than the average Senator and Representative, and in turn we of this country know less about our neighbors than do the Europeans," said Mr. Barrett. "It is time that we should appreciate the wonderful development of the Central and South American republics, the citizens of which take such an interest in our land."

President C. W. Needham, of the university, presided at the meeting, which was called to hear an address by Prof. Ernest G. Lorenzen, of the law school, on "The American Lawyer and Spanish-American Law." Prof. Lorenzen recently made a tour of some of the Latin American countries and made a special study of their law, which he treated thoroughly in the paper read at last night's meeting.

The speaker gave an interesting account of the growth of the Spanish-American countries and a brief history of their laws. He then described some of the fundamental and distinctive principles of Spanish-American civil law, showing in what way it differed with American law and how it devolved from Roman law.

W. R. Vance, dean of the law school, spoke upon the future prospects of George Washington University.

Would Stay Panama Canal.
Telling the Supreme Court the United States in plain language what he thinks of the policy of an "ambitious Executive" in trying to commit the country "to unconstitutional projects," Warren B. Wilson, "Citizen of the State of Illinois," has asked the court to grant a hearing of his appeal for an injunction against the purchase and construction of the Panama Canal. During the winter the court handed down a decision against Wilson.

No 2-cent Passenger Rate in Texas.
Austin, Texas, April 30.—The lower house of the legislature to-day practically killed the 2-cent passenger fare bill, so far as this special session is concerned, by refusing to set it for a special order for Wednesday of next week. The session closes on May 11.

Cuba's Protest Internal Revenue.
Havana, April 30.—The distillers and liquor manufacturers to-day informed Gov. Magoon that they intended to close their places of business because of the excessive internal revenue taxes. Mr. Magoon asked them not to do so. He said that a commission was coming from Washington soon to make a thorough investigation of the system of internal revenue, when relief may be found.

Kaiser Buys Grecian Castle.
Berlin, April 30.—The Kaiser has purchased the castle at Corfu, Capital of the Ionian Island of that name, known as the Achillion, which was formerly the property of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. His majesty intends the place to be used as a convalescent home for members of the Hohenzollern family.

Racing Shell as Souvenir.
London, April 30.—The racing shell in which the Cambridge crew beat the Harvard crew last year will be put into sections and each member of the English crew will receive one as a memento of the victory. The coxswain will receive the stern. The bow will be kept as a trophy by the Cambridge University Boat Club.

Harvard Lecturer at Berlin.
Berlin, April 30.—Professor Richards, of Harvard University, will give his first exchange lecture at the university here on May 4.

ACCOUNTANTS HONOR SMITH.

Give Dinner for New Head of the Geological Survey.

Members of the assistant committee on accounting of the committee on department methods gave a dinner last evening at the Shoreham Hotel in honor of George Otis Smith, the chairman and the new director of the Geological Survey, who assumed his duties to-day. Sydney R. Jacobs presided. The evening was spent in the discussion of various subjects of particular interest to the committee.

Those present were George Otis Smith, director Geological Survey; Sydney R. Jacobs, vice chairman, chief of division, office of auditor for the State and other departments; James B. Adams, chief of operation, Forest Service; Paul Cook, office of auditor of the Treasury Department; George W. Evans, disbursing clerk, Department of the Interior; Harry C. Lewis, deputy auditor, Indian Affairs Commission; Leonard H. Mattingly, expert accountant, office of Comptroller of the Treasury; George Montgomery, major, Ordnance Department, United States army; John E. Ray, chief of division, office of auditor for the Interior Department; Harry H. Thompson, superintendent of postal finance, Post-office Department; William M. Thompson, office of Secretary of the Interior; Norman E. Webster, jr., accountant, Reclamation Service.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.
U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., April 30, 1907.—8 a. m.

The month just closed was the coldest April in the last twenty years, and within a degree of the coldest April ever experienced. The month was characterized by a succession of cold spells, which swept southward over the Northeastern Rocky Mountains and gradually spread eastward and eastward over the entire country East of the Rocky Mountains. The cold was almost continuous, except for brief intervals of a day or so warmer weather, and the month closes with remarkably low temperatures in the interior valleys and the South. Rain is indicated for the entire country.

In the last twenty-four hours there has been rain in the Lake region, and thence southward to the Gulf States and Texas, with a drop in temperature ranging from 3 to 10 degrees. It has warmed up somewhat in the Missouri Valley and the Western Plains States.

Rain is indicated for Atlantic Coast districts, the Lower Lake region, and the East Gulf States Wednesday, followed by much colder weather. Thursday will be generally fair east of the Rocky Mountains, except on the South Atlantic Coast, with higher temperatures in the interior valleys and the South.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be brisk westerly, shifting to fresh westerly, shifting to northwesterly, on the Gulf Coast fresh to brisk northwesterly, and on the Upper Lakes light air variable.

Steamers departing Wednesday for European ports will have fresh westerly winds and showery weather to the Grand Banks.

SPECIAL FORECASTS.
Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Hatteras to New York.

Local Temperature.
Midnight, 52; 2 a. m., 57; 4 a. m., 56; 6 a. m., 55; 8 a. m., 57; 10 a. m., 62; noon, 72; 2 p. m., 75; 4 p. m., 76; 6 p. m., 75; 8 p. m., 74; 10 p. m., 69; Maximum, 78; minimum, 55.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 95; 2 p. m., 59; 8 p. m., 55. Rainfall (8 a. m. to 8 p. m.), .34. Hours of sunshine, 13.6; percent of possible sunshine, 130.

Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 87; minimum, 55.

Temperatures in Other Cities.
Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall for the twenty hours ended at 8 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

City	Max.	Min.	8 p. m.	Rainfall
Asheville, N. C.	78	60	70	0
Atlanta, Ga.	75	60	72	0
Atlantic City, N. J.	64	46	59	0
Bismarck, N. Dak.	63	28	56	0</